# Efficient Algorithms for Using Automata in Infinite-State Verification

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# Scope of the Thesis

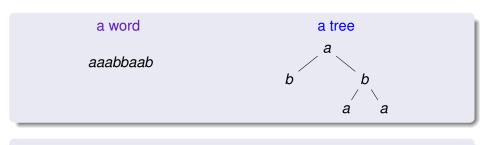
- automata-based FV of parts of real-world programs . . .
  - e.g. the Linux OS kernel, C/C++ standard libraries
- ... with complex dynamic data structures,
  - e.g. red-black trees, skip lists
- efficient automata manipulation techniques,
- the use of automata in other applications,
  - e.g. decision procedures of various logics.

## **Outline**

- 1 Forest automata-based verification of programs,
- 2 a new decision procedure for a fragment of separation logic,
- ongoing research.

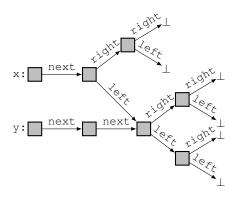
## Tree Automata

An extension of finite automata from words to trees.



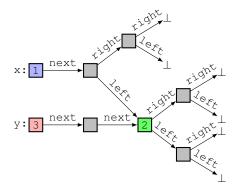
finite automaton tree automaton 
$$q o a(p) \qquad \qquad q o a(p_1, \dots, p_n)$$

■ Forest decomposition of a heap



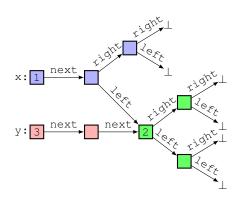
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  by valuable to the product of the product of
- by variables, ormultiple times
  - Identify cut-points multiple ti



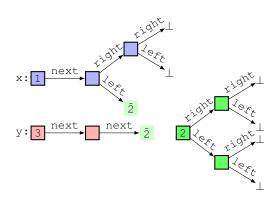
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Split the heap into tree components

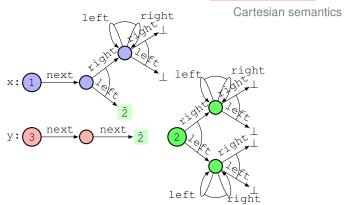


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   multiple times
  - Identify cut-points
  - Split the heap into tree components
    - references are explicit
  - Sets of heaps:
    - tree automata to represent sets of tree components
    - ▶ tuple of tree automata  $(TA_1, ..., TA_n) \rightsquigarrow$  forest automaton (FA)



- Memory safety of programs manipulating heap.
- Uses a hierarchical encoding of symbols called boxes,
  - · to avoid having infinite tuples of tree components.
- Boxes are discovered automagically,
  - by finding candidate subgraphs to enclose in a box.
- ARTMC-based procedure for obtaining a fixpoint.
- The Forester tool.

# Forest Automata-based Verification (data extension)

- Extending Forester with support for data-dependent programs,
  - binary search trees, sorting algorithms, skip lists, ...
- Adding constraints  $\prec_{rr}, \prec_{ra}$  (root-root, root-all)
  - · locally (inside transitions):

$$q^0 \rightarrow [\text{left}^1(q), \text{right}^2(q)] : 0 \succ_{ra} 1 \land 0 \prec_{ra} 2$$

• globally (between a state and a TA):

$$TA_0 \prec_{ar} q \prec_{ra} TA_1$$

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- The need to adjust
  - abstract transformers,
  - · inclusion checking,
  - box (un-)folding.
- P. A. Abdulla, L. Holík, B. Jonsson, O. Lengál, C.-Q. Trinh, and T. Vojnar. Verification of Heap Manipulating Programs with Ordered Data by Extended Forest Automata.

In Proc. of ATVA'13. LNCS 8172.

(regular paper)

# Deciding a Fragment of Separation Logic

#### Separation Logic

An extension of Hoare logic,

Pure formula

suitable for reasoning about heap manipulating programs,
Separating conjuction

$$x \mapsto \{(\text{next}:y)\} * sll(y,z) \land y \neq z.$$

Points-to predicate

Inductive predicate for a singly linked list:y = z $\forall \exists a. y \mapsto a * sll(a, z)$ 

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Points-to predicate

Inductive predicate for

Pure formula

Checking entailment:

a singly linked list:
$$y = z$$
  $\varphi \models \psi$   $\forall \exists a. \ y \mapsto a * sll(a, z)$ 

e.g.

$$x \mapsto \{(\text{next}:y)\} * sll(y,z) * z \mapsto \{(\text{next}:w)\} \stackrel{?}{\models} sll(x,w).$$

- Used e.g. in program analysis for fixpoint detection.
- Undecidable in general, but there exist decidable fragments.

- The considered fragment is limited to lists
  - that are singly/doubly linked,
  - · that may be cyclic and/or nested, and
  - that may contain additional head/tail/skip pointers.

■ The decision procedure works as follows:

$$\varphi = \Pi \land \varphi_1 * \ldots * \varphi_m \models \psi_1 * \ldots * \psi_n \land \Theta = \psi$$

- **1** normalize  $\varphi$  and  $\psi$  (adds (dis)equalities, removes emp. segments),
- 2 check that  $\Pi \Rightarrow \Theta$ ,
- 3 for each points-to  $(x \mapsto \{\dots\})$  in  $\psi$ , find a points-to in  $\varphi$ ,
- 4 partition the rest of  $\varphi$ , map each class to inductive predicate in  $\psi$ ,
- 5 for each inductive predicate P in  $\psi$  check that  $\varphi|_P \models P$  by
  - encoding  $\varphi|_P$  as a tree  $T(\varphi|_P)$ ,
  - 2 encoding P as a tree automaton TA(P), and
  - **3** checking that  $T(\varphi|_P) \in L(TA(P))$ .
- C. Enea, O. Lengál, M. Sighireanu, T. Vojnar.
   Compositional Entailment Checking for a Fragment of Sep. Logic.
   Submitted to SAS'14.

(regular paper)

# Ongoing Research

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- A decision procedure for WSkS,
  - found a bug in the proposed algorithm, attempting to fix it.
- 2 Algorithms for handling symbolically represented automata,
  - computation of simulation, language inclusion.
- 3 Verification of concurrent programs with complex data structures
  - based on forest automata.
- 4 Adjustable abstraction in Forester,
  - counterexample-guided abstraction refinement.
- 5 Efficient language inclusion testing for tree automata,
  - based on bisimulation up-to congruence.

## **Recent Publications**

#### Published:

- L. Holík, O. Lengál, A. Rogalewicz, J. Šimáček, and T. Vojnar.
   Fully Automated Shape Analysis Based on Forest Automata. In Proc. of CAV'13, LNCS 8044. (regular paper)
- P. A. Abdulla, L. Holík, B. Jonsson, O. L., C.-Q. Trinh, and T. Vojnar.
   Verification of Heap Manipulating Programs with Ordered Data by Extended Forest Automata.

In Proc. of ATVA'13, LNCS 8172.

(regular paper)

#### ■ Submitted:

- P. A. Abdulla, L. Holík, B. Jonsson, O. L., C.-Q. Trinh, and T. Vojnar.
   Verification of Heap Manipulating Programs with Ordered Data by Extended Forest Automata.
  - Submitted to Acta Informatica (IF'12 = 0.474). (regular paper)
- C. Enea, O. Lengál, M. Sighireanu, T. Vojnar.
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## **Previous Publications**

#### ■ Published:

- L. Holík, O. Lengál, J. Šimáček, and T. Vojnar.
   Efficient Inclusion Checking on Explicit and Semi-Symbolic TA.
   In Proc. of ATVA'11, LNCS 6996. (regular paper)
- O. Lengál, J. Šimáček, and T. Vojnar.
   VATA: A Library for Efficient Manipulation of Non-Deterministic TA.
   In Proc. of TACAS'12, LNCS 7214. (regular tool paper: 16 pp)
- O. Lengál.
   An Efficient Finite Tree Automata Library.
   Lambert Academic Publishing. 2012. (monograph)

#### Products:

O. Lengál, J. Šimáček, and T. Vojnar.
 VATA: A Library for Efficient Manipulation of Non-Deterministic TA.
 FIT BUT, 2012. (software)